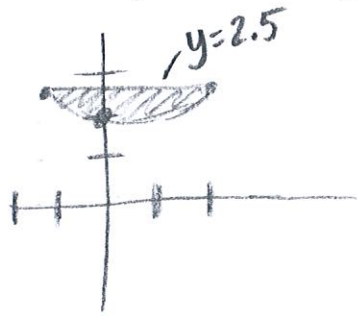


$$\int_{t_0}^{t_1} y(t) \frac{d}{dt} x(t) dt$$

Supplement: Parametric Equations: Finding Area

1. Find the area enclosed by the curve $c(t) = \left(t - \frac{1}{t}, t + \frac{1}{t}\right)$ and the line $y = 2.5$.

t	x	y
0	UD	UD
.5	-1.5	2.5
1	0	2
1.5	.8	2.2
2	1.5	2.5



$$\int_{.5}^2 (2.5 - (t + \frac{1}{t})) \frac{d}{dt} [t - \frac{1}{t}] dt$$

$$\int_{.5}^2 (2.5 - t - t^{-1})(1 + t^{-2}) dt$$

$$\boxed{\frac{15}{4} - 4 \ln(2)}$$

2. Consider the curve $r(t) = (\cos t, e^t)$ on the interval $0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$. Find the area of the region bounded by $r(t)$ and the lines $y = 1$ and $x = 0$.

t	cost	e ^t
0	1	1
π/6	.9	1.7
π/4	.7	2.2
π/3	.5	2.8
π/2	0	4.8



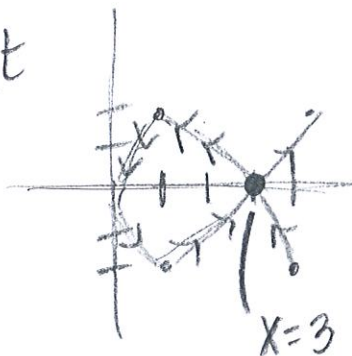
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} (e^t - 1) \frac{d}{dt} [\cos t] dt$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} -\sin t (e^t - 1) dt$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{e^{\pi/2} - 1}{2}}$$

3. Find the area of the region enclosed by the loop of the curve with parametric equations $x = t^2, y = t^3 - 3t$.

t	t ²	t ³ - 3t
-2	4	-2
-1	1	2
0	0	0
1	1	-2
2	4	2



$x = t^2$
 $y = t^3 - 3t$
 $t = \pm\sqrt{x}$

$$\int_{-\sqrt{3}}^{\sqrt{3}} (t^3 - 3t) \frac{d}{dt} (t^2) dt$$

$$\int_{-\sqrt{3}}^{\sqrt{3}} 2t(t^3 - 3t) dt$$

$$\boxed{-\frac{24\sqrt{3}}{5}} = \boxed{\frac{24\sqrt{3}}{5}}$$

4. The parametric form for a cardioid is $\begin{cases} x = 2a \cos t - a \cos 2t \\ y = 2a \sin t - a \sin 2t \end{cases}$, where a is an arbitrary constant.

Find the area of the region enclosed by the cardioid.

$$\int_0^{2\pi} (2a \sin t - a \sin 2t) \frac{d}{dt} [2a \cos t - a \cos 2t] dt$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} (2a \sin t - a \sin 2t) (-2a \sin t + 2a \cos 2t) dt$$

$$= \boxed{6\pi a^2}$$