

How do you solve a limit algebraically?

- You ALWAYS Try Direct Substitution First
If Direct Substitution Does not work
- ✓ Factor/Simplify/Direct Substitution
- ✓ Rationalize/Simplify/Direct Substitution
- ✓ Multiply/Simplify/Direct Substitution
- ✓ Get Rid of Compound Fractions/Simplify/Direct Substitution

How can you rewrite each of these using the Limit Laws?

- A.) $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x) + g(x)]$
- B.) $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} k \cdot f(x)$
- C.) $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) \cdot g(x)$
- D.) $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$

Which ones only apply to limits?

A.) $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x) + g(x)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) + \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x)$
B.) $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} k \cdot f(x) = k \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$
C.) $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) \cdot g(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x)$
D.) $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) / \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x)$

Multiplication & Division of limits only apply to limits. They will not apply to derivatives and integration.