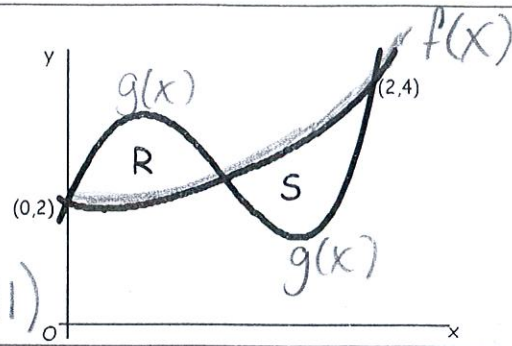


Let f and g be the functions defined by $f(x) = 1 + x + e^{x^2-2x}$ (y_1) and $g(x) = x^4 - 6.5x^2 + 6x + 2$ (y_2) let R and S be the two regions enclosed by the graphs of f and g shown in the figure to the right.



Intersection (1.0328, 2.4011)

a.) Find the sum of the areas of regions R and S .

$$R + S$$

$$\int_0^{1.0328} g(x) - f(x) dx + \int_{1.0328}^2 f(x) - g(x) dx$$

.99742 + 1.0069

2.004

1: limits
2: Integrands
1: Answer

b.) Region S is the base of a solid whose cross sections perpendicular to the x -axis are squares. Find the volume of the solid.

$$\int_{x_1}^{x_2} \text{Area square } dx \quad \text{side} = \text{top} - \text{bottom}$$

$$\int_{1.0328}^2 [f(x) - g(x)]^2 dx = 1.283$$

+2: Integrand +1: Answer

c.) Let h be the vertical distance between the graphs of f and g in region S . Find the rate of which h changes with respect to x when $x = 1.8$.

Find the rate of which h changes: Find $\frac{dh}{dx}$

$$h = f(x) - g(x)$$

$$h = 1 + x + e^{x^2-2x} - x^4 + 6.5x^2 - 6x - 2$$

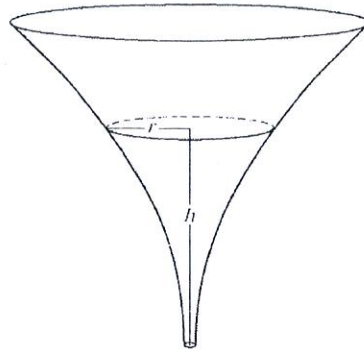
$$\frac{dh}{dx} = 0 + 1 + (2x-2)e^{x^2-2x} - 4x^3 + 13x - 6$$

+1: Considers h'

$$\frac{dh}{dx} \Big|_{x=1.8} = -3.811 \text{ OR } -3.812$$

+1: Answer

The inside of a funnel of height 10 inches has a circular cross sections, as shown in the figure to the right. At height h , the radius of the funnel is given by $r = \frac{1}{20}(3 + h^2)$, where $0 \leq h \leq 10$. The units of r and h are inches.



a.) Find the average value of the radius of the funnel.

$$r = \frac{1}{20}(3 + h^2) \quad \text{Avg} = \frac{1}{10-0} \int_0^{10} \frac{1}{20}(3 + h^2) dh \quad +1: \text{integral}$$

$$\frac{1}{10} \cdot \frac{1}{20} \left[3h + \frac{h^3}{3} \right]_0^{10} = \frac{1}{200} \left[30 + \frac{1000}{3} - 0 - 0 \right] = \frac{1}{200} \left[\frac{90}{3} + \frac{1000}{3} \right] = \frac{1090}{200}$$

+1: antiderivative +1: answer

b.) Find the volume of the funnel.

$$V = \pi \int_0^{10} R^2 dh = \pi \int_0^{10} \left[\frac{1}{20}(3 + h^2) \right]^2 dh = \frac{\pi}{400} \int_0^{10} 9 + 6h^2 + h^4 dh$$

$$\frac{\pi}{400} \left[9h + \frac{6h^3}{3} + \frac{h^5}{5} \right]_0^{10} = \frac{\pi}{400} \left[90 + 2(1000) + \frac{100000}{5} - 0 - 0 - 0 \right]$$

$$\frac{20000}{2000} \frac{\pi}{20} \left[90 + 2000 + 20000 \right] = \frac{22090\pi}{400} = \frac{2209\pi}{40} \quad +1: \text{integrand}$$

+1: antiderivative +1: answer

c.) The funnel contains liquid that is draining from the bottom. At the instant when the height of the liquid is $h=3$ inches, the radius of the surface of the liquid is decreasing at a rate of $\frac{1}{5}$ inch per second. At this instant, what is the rate of change of the height of the liquid with respect to time?

Know: $\frac{dr}{dt} = -\frac{1}{5} \text{ in/sec}$
 Find: $\frac{dh}{dt} =$
 When: $h = 3 \text{ in}$

Eqn: $r = \frac{1}{20}(3 + h^2)$
 Der: $\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{1}{20} \left[6 + 2h \frac{dh}{dt} \right] \quad +2: \text{chain rule}$

$$20 \frac{dr}{dt} = 2h \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$20 \left(-\frac{1}{5} \text{ in/sec} \right) = 2(3 \text{ in}) \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$-4 = 6 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = -\frac{2}{3} \text{ in/sec} \quad +1: \text{answer}$$